



R18 Regulation

Subject code: 2B4BA

**TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

**B.Tech IV Semester Supplementary Examinations, September 2023**

**Special Functions & Complex Variables**

(Common to EEE & ECE)

**Maximum Marks: 70**

Date: 13.09.2023 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
  2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
  3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
  4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

**Part-A**

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 Find the value of  $\Gamma(1)$
- 2 Find the value of  $\Gamma(n+1)$ , If n is a positive integer
- 3 Show that  $u(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy^2$  is harmonic
- 4 Find 'k' such that  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3kxy^2$  be harmonic.
- 5 Evaluate  $\int_c f(z)dz$  where  $f(z)=y-x-3ix^2$  and c is the straight-line segment from 0 to 1+i
- 6 Expand  $e^x$  about  $z = 0$  in Taylor's series expansion.
- 7 Classify the nature of the singularity of the function  $f(z) = \frac{e^{-z}}{(z-2)^4}$
- 8 Find the residues of the function  $f(z) = \frac{e^{-z}}{(z-2)^4}$
- 9 Define Conformal Mapping
- 10 List the cross ratio property of four points

**Part-B**

Answer All the following questions.

(5X10M=50Marks)

11 Show that a)  $\beta(m, n) = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m-1} \theta \cos^{2n-1} \theta d\theta$

(5M)

b)  $\Gamma(n) = \int_0^1 \left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^{n-1} dx; n > 0.$

(5M)

OR

12 Find the relation between Beta and Gamma functions.

(10M)

13 If  $u+v = e^x (\cos y + \sin y)$  then find the analytic function  $f(z)$ .

(10M)

OR

14 If  $f(z)$  is a Regular function of  $z$ , then prove that  $\left[\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right] |f(z)|^2 = 4|f'(z)|^2$

(10M)

15 State and prove Cauchy's integral theorem.

(10M)

OR

- 16 Expand  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$  in the Laurent's series valid for the region (10M)
- i)  $|z| < 1$     ii)  $1 < |z| < 3$
- 17 Evaluate  $\int_c \frac{4-3z}{z(z-1)(z-2)}$ ; where  $c$  is the circle  $|z| = \frac{3}{2}$ . using residue theorem (10M)
- OR
- 18 Find the poles and the corresponding residues of  $\frac{1}{(z^2-1)^3}$  (10M)
- 19 S.T the relation  $w = \frac{5-4z}{4z-2}$  transforms the circle  $|z| = 1$  into a circle of radius unity in the  $w$ -plane. (10M)
- OR
- 20 Find the bilinear Transformation that maps the points  $(0, i, -1)$  into the points  $(0, 1, \infty)$ . (10M)