



Regulation R18

Subject code: 2E6DE

TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

B.Tech VI Semester Supplementary Examinations, June/July 2023

IMAGE PROCESSING AND PATTERN RECOGNITION (Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:30.06.2023 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit which carries 10M.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20Marks)

- 1 Define Image.
- 2 What is Inverse Filtering?
- 3 What is Erosion?
- 4 Define Gradient Operator.
- 5 List the characteristics of Lossy Compression
- 6 Define compression ratio.
- 7 Define Shape number.
- 8 Define Eccentricity.
- 9 How clustering concept helps in Automatic Pattern Recognition System.
- 10 What is pattern recognition?

Part-B

Answer All the following questions.

(10MX 5=50Marks)

- 11 Explain the various components of an image processing system with a block diagram. [10]
OR
- 12 List the steps for filtering in frequency domain with a block diagram. [10]
- 13 Discuss in detail about morphological algorithms. Illustrate each with appropriate examples. [10]
OR
- 14 Contrast among Local and Global thresholding techniques for Image Segmentation? [10]
- 15 Explain the significance of lossless predictive coding model using DPCM without quantizer [10]
OR
- 16 Explain in detail about watermarking in the spatial and frequency domain techniques. [10]
- 17 Explain the significance of Signature of a circle as unique representation also check for its invariance. [10]
OR
- 18 Consider the two-dimensional patterns (2, 1), (3, 5), (4, 3), (5,6), (6, 7), (7, 8). Compute the principal component using PCA Algorithm. [10]
- 19 a. Illustrate a simple mathematical model for automatic pattern recognition model
b. Differentiate between Clustering and Classification. [5+5]
OR
- 20 Given 7 two dimensional patterns $A=(1,1)$, $B=(1,2)$, $C=(2,2)$, $D=(6,2)$, $E=(7,2)$, $F=(6,6)$, $G=(7,6)$. Using K-means algorithm, obtain 3 Clusters. [10]M