



R18 Regulation

Subject code:2P3CB

# TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade)

## B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations, December 2025

### THERMODYNAMICS

(ME)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:30.12.2025

Duration: 3 hours

- Note:**
- 1.This question paper contains two parts A and B.
  2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
  3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
  4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

#### Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks (10X2M=20 Marks)		Marks	CO	BTL
1	State the Zeroth law of Thermodynamics.	2M	1	L1
2	Distinguish between different types of systems with examples.	2M	1	L1
3	Write the available energy in a system.	2M	2	L1
4	State the property of entropy.	2M	2	L1
5	Explain the equation of state.	2M	3	L1
6	Write the process of Throttling.	2M	3	L1
7	State the expression for Vander Wall's equation and determine the constants.	2M	4	L1
8	Define Specific volume.	2M	4	L1
9	State the Processes in Otto cycle and represent on P-V and T-S.	2M	5	L1
10	Explain Mean effective pressure.	2M	5	L1

#### Part-B

Answer All the following questions. (5X10M=50Marks)		Marks	CO	BTL
11	Sketch the Constant volume gas thermometer and explain.	10M	1	L2
OR				
12	When a stationary mass of gas was compressed without friction at constant pressure, its initial state of $0.4\text{m}^3$ and $0.105\text{MPa}$ was found to change to final state of $0.20\text{m}^3$ and $0.105\text{MPa}$ . There was a transfer of $42.5\text{kJ}$ of heat from the gas during the process. Determine the change in internal energy of the gas?	10M	1	L2
13	Write the Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements and explain with sketches.	10M	2	L2
OR				

14	10 Kg of fluid per minute goes through reversible steady flow process. The properties of fluid at inlet are: $P_1=15$ bar, density = $26\text{kg/m}^3$ , velocity= $110\text{m/s}$ , Internal energy= $910\text{kJ/kg}$ and at the exit are : $P_2=5.5\text{bar}$ , density= $5.5\text{kg/m}^3$ , velocity = $190\text{m/s}$ internal energy = $710\text{kJ/kg}$ . During passage the fluid rejects $55\text{kJ/sec}$ and rises through $55\text{meters}$ . Determine i) change in enthalpy ii) work done during the process.	10M	2	L2
15	Explain SI engine with neat diagram.	10M	3	L2
	OR			
16	When a stationary mass of gas was compressed without friction at constant pressure its initial state of $0.4\text{m}^3$ and $0.105\text{Mpa}$ was found to change to final state of $0.20\text{m}^3$ and $0.105\text{Mpa}$ . There was a transfer of $42.5\text{kJ}$ of heat from the gas during process. How much did the internal energy of the gas change.	10M	3	L2
17	Explain the working of Diesel cycle with PV and TS diagrams.	10M	4	L2
	OR			
18	Obtain an expression for the air standard efficiency on a volume basis of an engine working on the Otto cycle. And represent the processes on p-V and T-S diagrams.	10M	4	L2
19	Explain about the Clausius Inequality.	10M	5	L2
	OR			
20	Describe with PV and TS diagrams Stirling cycle.	10M	5	L2