



B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, January 2025

Mathematics-I

(Common to CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE & IT)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:22.01.2025

Duration: 3 hours

- Note:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks (10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 If A,B are invertible matrices of the same order then prove that $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1} A^{-1}$
- 2 Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 7 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 3 Prove that if λ is an Eigen value of an orthogonal matrix then $\frac{1}{\lambda}$ is also an Eigen value.
- 4 Is the matrix diagonalizable $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5 State comparison test.
- 6 Test the series for convergence $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+1}$
- 7 Find du/dt if $u = x/y$ where $x = e^t$; $y = \log t$.
- 8 Define i) Saddle point and ii) Stationary point
- 9 Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$
- 10 $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x + y) dx dy$

Part-B

Answer All the following questions. (10M X 5=50Marks)

- 11 Discuss for what values of λ , μ the system of equations $x + y + z = 6$, $x + 2y + 3z = 10$, $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$ have [10M]
(i) no solution (ii) a unique solution (iii) an infinite number of solutions

- OR
- 12 Solve $2x + y + z = 10$, $3x + 2y + 3z = 18$, $x + 4y + 9z = 16$ by Gauss elimination method. [10M]
- 13 Reduce the following quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation
 $Q = 3x^2 + 5y^2 + 3z^2 - 2xy - 2yz + 2xz$ [10M]
- OR
- 14 Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & c & -b \\ -c & 0 & a \\ b & -a & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfy Cayley – Hamilton theorem And hence find A^{-1} , if it exists [10M]
- 15 Show that the series $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{2^2}{3^3} + \frac{3^3}{4^3} + \dots$ is divergent [10M]
- OR
- 16 Discuss the nature of the series $\sum \frac{3.6.9\dots 3n.}{4.7.10\dots(3n+1)} \cdot \frac{5^n}{(3n+2)}$ [10M]
- 17 Find the extreme values of the function $\sin x \cdot \sin y \cdot \sin (x+y)$ [10M]
- OR
- 18 Verify $JJ^1 = 1$ of the function $x = e^u \cos v$, $y = e^u \sin v$ [10M]
- 19 Change the order of integration and evaluate [10M]
 $\int_0^a \int_x^a (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$
- OR
- 20 Evaluate $\int \int \int z^2 dx dy dz$ taken over the volume bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $x^2 + y^2 = z$ and $z = 0$ [10M]