

CONTROL SYSTEMS

(EEE)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date: 01.05.2023

Duration: 3 hours

- Notes:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 parts. Answer any four questions from each part.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have sub parts a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry 10 marks each

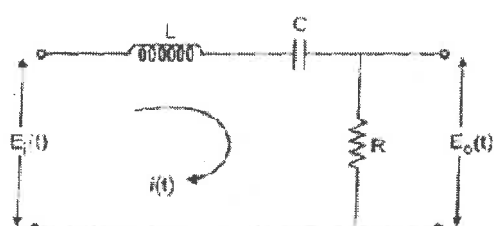
(10X2M=20 Marks)

	Marks	CO	BTL
1. Write the advantages and disadvantages of A.C servo motor and D.C servo motor.	2M	1	L1
2. Distinguish between open loop and closed loop systems.	2M	1	L1
3. List the standard test signals and define them and choose the most suitable.	2M	2	L1
4. Define delay time and rise time, delay time and peak time.	2M	2	L1
5. What is Root stability?	2M	3	L1
6. What is root locus?	2M	3	L1
7. What is the difference between zero input and zero state response?	2M	4	L1
8. Write the formulas for the transfer function of lag and lead compensators and draw their Bode plots.	2M	4	L1
9. List the advantages of state space representation?	2M	5	L1
10. Define controllability and observability and write the formulas by using Kalman's test.	2M	5	L1

Part-B

Answer All the following questions.

(5X12M=60Marks)

	Marks	CO	BTL
11. a) Discuss the characteristics of feedback in control systems. b) Define the impulse response of the system. Also find the impulse response of the system with open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 + 3s + 3}$ OR	5M 5M	1	L2
12. a) Evaluate the transfer function of the network given figure	5M		
		1	L2
	5M		

13	b) Explain translator and rotary elements of mechanical systems.	5M		
	a) Derive the time response of a second order system for unit step input for underdamped system.	5M		
	b) Derive the steady state error and also derive the various static error constants	5M	2	L2
OR				
14	a) Explain the conventional P, PI, PD, PID controllers in s domain only	5M		
	b) Derive the steady state error write it in s domain only	5M	2	L2
15	Develop the Root locus for $G(s)H(s) = \frac{s}{s(s+3)(s+2)}$	10M		
	Also find range of 'K' for system to be stable		3	L2
OR				
16	a) Define the i) stability ii) instability iii) conditional stability iv) marginally stability of system	5M		
	b) Use the Routh stability criterion to determine the location of roots on the s-plane and hence the stability for the system represented by the characteristic equation	5M	2	L2
	$H(s) = s^6 + s^5 + 3s^4 + 3s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1 = 0$			
17	a) Draw the electrical equivalent circuit of lead compensator and obtain its transfer function	5M		
	b) Explain the gain margin, phase margin in polar plot and write the advantages of it in number and order of a s plane in polar plot	5M	4	L2
OR				
18	a) Derive maximum lead angle ϕ_m and α of a lead compensator	5M		
	b) Compare polar plot and Nyquist plot	5M	4	L2
19	a) Reduce the given state model into its canonical forms by diagonalizing matrix A,	5M		
	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -6 & -11 & 6 \\ -6 & -11 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $c = [1 \ 0 \ 0]$		5	L2
	b) Determine the state space representation of the $Y(s)/U(s) = \frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 4s + 13}$	5M		
OR				
20	a) Explain the components in a state space representation	5M		
	b) Write the advantages and disadvantages of state space representation	5M	5	L2