



B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, June 2024

LINEAR ALGEBRA AND ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (Common to CE,EEE,ECE,CSE,IT,CSE(AI&ML) and CSE(DS))

Maximum Marks: 60

Date:25.06.2024 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

| All the following questions carry equal marks | | (10X1M=10 Marks) | CO No. | Bloom Tx |
|---|---|--|--------|----------|
| 1. | a | Define orthogonal matrix. | 1 | 1 |
| | b | State the conditions to find the consistency of system of non-homogeneous equations. | 1 | 1 |
| | c | Find the quadratic form corresponding to the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | 2 | 1 |
| | d | Find the sum of the eigen values of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ | 2 | 1 |
| | e | Define orthogonal trajectories. | 3 | 1 |
| | f | Write the condition for exact differential equation? | 3 | 1 |
| | g | Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 0$. | 4 | 1 |
| | h | Find the P.I for the equation $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^x$. | 4 | 1 |
| | i | Evaluate $\int_1^3 \int_0^1 xy^2 dx dy$. | 5 | 1 |
| | j | Evaluate $\int_0^\pi \int_0^a \sin\theta r dr d\theta$. | 5 | 1 |

Part-B

| Answer All the following questions. | | (5X10M=50Marks) | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|---|
| 2 | Find the rank of the matrix by reducing to Normal form where | | 1 | 2 |

| | | | | |
|----|---|------|---|---|
| | $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ | [10] | 1 | 2 |
| | OR | | | |
| 3 | Express the following system in matrix form and solve by Gauss Elimination method. $2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 6$; $6x_1 - 6x_2 + 6x_3 + 12x_4 = 36$; $4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 - 3x_4 = -1$; $2x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 10$. | [10] | 1 | 2 |
| 4 | Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find A^{-1} and A^4 [10] | | 2 | 2 |
| | OR | | | |
| 5 | Reduce the following quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation $Q = 3x^2 + 5y^2 + 3z^2 - 2xy - 2yz + 2xz$. [10] | | 2 | 2 |
| 6 | The number N of bacteria in a culture grew at a rate proportional to N. The value of N was initially 100 and increased to 332 in one hour. What would be the value of N after $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours? [10] | | 3 | 2 |
| | OR | | | |
| 7 | a) Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3y^6$. [5] b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$, where a is the parameter. [5] | | 3 | 2 |
| 8 | Solve by the method of variation of parameters $(D^2 + a^2)y = \tan ax$ [10] | | 4 | 2 |
| | OR | | | |
| 9 | Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 3)y = \sin 3x \cos 2x$ [10] | | 4 | 3 |
| 10 | Evaluate $\iint r^3 dr d\theta$ over the area included between the circles $r = 2\sin\theta$ and $r = 4\sin\theta$. [10] | | 5 | 3 |
| | OR | | | |
| 11 | Find the area of the region bounded by $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$ [10] | | 5 | 3 |