



B.Tech II Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations, July 2024

MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATION FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE
(Common to CSE & IT)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:23.07.2024 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks (10X2M=20 Marks)

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1 | Construct the truth table of $(PVQ) \rightarrow P$ |
| 2 | Write the rule of disjunctive amplification of predicates |
| 3 | Let $R = \{ [1,1] [2,2] [3,3] [4,4] [5,5] [1,2] [2,1] [5,4] [4,5] \}$ be the equivalence relation on $A = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$ Find equivalence classes and A/R |
| 4 | Define Lattice with an example |
| 5 | In how many ways can the digits 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 be arranged so that
i) 0 and 1 are adjacent and in the order 01 ii) 0,1 are adjacent. |
| 6 | Find the number of integral solutions to $x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4=50$ where $x_1 \geq 2, x_2 \geq 3, x_3 \geq 10, x_4 \geq 4$ |
| 7 | Show that binary operation * defined on $(R,*)$ where $x*y=x^y$ is not associative. |
| 8 | Define permutation group and degree of a permutation group. |
| 9 | Define complete bipartite graph with example |
| 10 | Define the following terms with suitable example of i) Complete graph ii) regular graph |

Part-B

Answer All the following questions. (5X10M=50Marks)

- | | |
|----|---|
| 11 | a) With out constructing truth table find PDNF of $(P \rightarrow (Q \wedge R)) \wedge (\sim Q \wedge \sim R)$
b) Prove the following argument is valid "all dogs are carnivorous "
"some animals are dogs"
Therefore" some animals are carnivorous". [5+5] |
| OR | |
| 12 | a) Is the following Conclusion is valid derive from contradiction method.
<div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> $\begin{array}{l} \sim q \\ P \rightarrow q \\ \hline PVt \\ \therefore t \end{array}$ </div> b) Construct PCNF of $(P \Leftrightarrow Q) \rightarrow R$. [5+5] |
| 13 | Use generating function method to Solve the recurrence relation $a_n+5a_{n-1}+6a_{n-2}=3n^2 \forall n \geq 2$ and $a_0=a_1=0$. [10] |

	OR																								
14	Solve the RR $a_n+4a_{n-1}+4a_{n-2}=5(-2)^n$ [10]																								
15	a) Draw the Hasse diagram representing the positive divisors of 36. b) Show that the relation 'R' defined by $(a,b) R (c,d)$ iff $a+d=b+c$ is an equivalence relation. [5+5]																								
	OR																								
16	a) If $X=\{1,2,3,4\}$ and $R= \{(x,y)/x<y\}$ Draw the graph of 'R' and also give its matrix. b) Write the procedure to find the maximal compatibility blocks to a compatibility relation. [5+5]																								
17	Construct composition table for the roots of equation $x^4= 1$ and Show that it is a group with respect to operation multiplication. [10]																								
	OR																								
18	a) If 'G' is a group then prove that $(a^{-1})^{-1}=a$ b) Prove that $G =\{0,1,2,3,4\}$ is an abelian group of order 5 w.r.t addition modulo 5. [5+5]																								
19	Two graphs with the following adjacency list are given, show that they are isomorphic to each other. [10] <div style="margin-left: 40px;"> <p>Graph G</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>vertices</th> <th>Adjacent vertices</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>a</td> <td>b,c</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b</td> <td>a</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c</td> <td>a,d,e</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d</td> <td>c</td> </tr> <tr> <td>e</td> <td>c</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Graph H</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>vertices</th> <th>Adjacent vertices</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>k</td> <td>l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>l</td> <td>k,m,n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>m</td> <td>l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>n</td> <td>l,o</td> </tr> <tr> <td>o</td> <td>n</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>	vertices	Adjacent vertices	a	b,c	b	a	c	a,d,e	d	c	e	c	vertices	Adjacent vertices	k	l	l	k,m,n	m	l	n	l,o	o	n
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20	State and prove Euler's formula in plane graphs. [10]																								