



R17 Regulation

TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade)

Subject code: IP3DB

B.Tech II Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations, July 2024

ANALOG ELECTRONICS

(ECE)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:20.07.2024 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks (10X2M=20 Marks)

- 1 State Miller's theorem.
- 2 What are the main characteristics of a Darlington amplifier?
- 3 Define logarithm and db.
- 4 Define a short circuit Gain of a transistor in CE configurations at high frequencies.
- 5 Draw the small signal model of JFET.
- 6 Draw the characteristics of MOSFET.
- 7 What are the conditions for sustained oscillator or what is Barkhausen criterion.
- 8 Define sensitivity.
- 9 What is thermal runaway?
- 10 Differentiate power amplifier with that of a normal small signal amplifier in the aspects of its construction and applications.

Part-B

Answer All the following questions. (10M X 5=50Marks)

- 11 (a) Write the analysis of a CE amplifier circuit using h parameters. Derive the expressions for A_i, R_i, A_v & R_o .
(b) The single stage CE amplifier has $R_s=1k, R_1=50k, R_2=2k, h_{re}=2.5 \times 10^{-4}, R_c=2k, R_L=2k, h_{fe}=50, h_{ie}=1.1k, h_{oc}=25 \times 10^{-6}$ A/V. Calculate A_i, R_i, A_v & R_o . (6+4)

OR

- 12 (a) Derive expressions for overall voltage gain and overall current gain of a two-stage RC coupled amplifier.
(b) List out the special features of Darlington pair and cascode amplifiers. [5+5]
- 13 (a) Derive the expression for the CE short-circuits current gain A_i with resistive load.
(b) Explain why the 3-dB frequency for current gain is not the same as f_H for voltage gain. [6+4]

OR

- 14 (a) Draw the high frequency equivalent circuit of a BJT and explain the same.
(b) Derive the expression of gain bandwidth product for voltage. [4+6]

15	(a) Explain MOS small signal model. (b) Derive the expression for voltage gain of common source MOS amplifier with resistive load. [4+6]
OR	
16	(a) Explain the Analysis of CD JFET Amplifier (b) Explain how FET can be used as an Amplifier. [6+4]
17	Give the equivalent circuits, and characteristics of ideal and practical amplifiers of the following types (i) Voltage amplifier, (ii) Current amplifiers, (iii) Trans-resistance amplifier, (iv) Trans-conductance amplifier [10]
OR	
18	Draw the circuit and explain the principle of operation of RC phase-shift oscillator circuit. What is the frequency range of generation of oscillations? Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillations. [10]
19	(a) Derive the expression for Max. efficiency of class B push pull amplifier. (b) What are its advantages and disadvantages of class B push pull amplifier? [6+4]
OR	
20	(a) What is the Stagger tuned amplifier and explain its advantages. (b) Differentiate between single tuned and double tuned amplifiers. [5+5]