



Regulation R18

Subject code: 2P6CB

# TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade)

**B.Tech VI Semester Supplementary Examinations, February 2024**

## **Heat Transfer (Mechanical Engineering)**

**Maximum Marks: 70**

**Date:20.02.2024 Duration: 3 Hours**

- Note:**
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
  2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
  3. Part B consists of 10 questions. Answer any 5 questions which carries 10M.
  4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

### Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks (10X2M=20 Marks)		CO	Bloom Tx
1	What is the convection mode of heat transfer?	CO1	L1
2	What are the applications of heat transfer?	CO1	L1
3	What is the function of fin?	CO2	L1
4	What is critical radius of insulation?	CO2	L1
5	Differentiate the free and forced convection.	CO3	L2
6	What are the advantages of dimensional analysis?	CO3	L1
7	What is film wise condensation?	CO4	L1
8	What is the concept of shape factor?	CO4	L1
9	What is the difference between regenerator and recuperator?	CO5	L1
10	What are the advantages of NTU method over the LMTD method?	CO5	L1

### Part-B

Answer all the questions (5X10M=50Marks)		CO	L
11	A Stainless-steel plate is of 2 cm thick is maintained at a temperature of 550°C at one face and 50°C on the other. The thermal conductivity of stainless steel at 300°C is 19.1 W/m K. Calculate the heat transferred through the material per unit area? [10]	CO1	L4
OR			
12	Derive the general conduction equation for Cylindrical co-ordinate system? [10]	CO1	L3
13	Briefly describe about lumped heat capacity system. Give its examples. [10]	CO2	L2
OR			
14	Derive the heat conduction through composite sphere? [10]	CO2	L3
15	The resistance R experienced by a partially submerged body depends upon the velocity V, length of the body l, viscosity of the fluid $\mu$ , density of the fluid $\rho$ and gravitational acceleration g. Obtain a dimensionless expression for R by using Buckingham $\pi$ -method? [10]	CO3	L4
OR			
16	Derive the heat dissipation from an infinitely long fin? [10]	CO3	L3

17	Determine the heat transfer rate by free convection from a plate $0.3\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m}$ for which one surface is insulated and the other surface is maintained at $1100\text{C}$ and exposed to atmosphere air at $300\text{C}$ for the following arrangements: a) The plate is vertical b) The plate is horizontal with the heating surface facing up c) The plate is horizontal with the heating surface facing down. [10]	CO4	L4
OR			
18	Hot oil ( $c_p = 2.09 \text{ kJ/kg K}$ ) flows through a counter flow heat exchanger at the rate of $0.7\text{kg/s}$ . It enters at $200^\circ\text{C}$ and leaves at $70^\circ\text{C}$ . The cold oil ( $c_p = 1.67 \text{ kJ/kg K}$ ) exits at $150^\circ\text{C}$ at the rate of $1.2 \text{ kg/s}$ . Determine the surface area of the heat exchanger required for the purpose if the overall heat transfer coefficient is $650\text{W/m}^2\text{K}$ . [10]	CO4	L4
19	Two perfectly black parallel planes $1.2$ by $1.2 \text{ m}$ are separated by a distance of $1.2 \text{ m}$ . one plane is maintained at $800 \text{ K}$ and the other at $500 \text{ K}$ . The plates are located in a large room whose walls are at $300\text{K}$ . What is the net heat transfer between the planes? [10]	CO5	L4
OR			
20	Define absorptivity, reflectivity and transmissivity. [10]	CO5	L2