



**B.Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, October 2022**

**ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, TRANSFORMS & VECTOR CALCULUS  
(EEE)**

**Maximum Marks: 70**

Date:11.10.2022 Duration: 3 hours

- Note: 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.  
2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.  
3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.  
4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

**Part-A**

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 Find the integrating factor of the differential equation  $x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x^2$ .
- 2 State Newton's law of cooling.
- 3 Find the complementary function of  $(D^4 - a^4)y = 0$ .
- 4 Solve  $(D^2 - 4D - 1)y = 0$ .
- 5 Find  $L\left(\frac{\cos 4t \sin 2t}{t}\right)$ .
- 6 Find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3(s^2-2)^2}{2s^5}\right\}$ .
- 7 If  $\vec{f} = (x+3y)\mathbf{i} + (y-2z)\mathbf{j} + (x+pz)\mathbf{k}$  is solenoidal find p.
- 8 Find  $\text{div } \vec{f}$  when  $\vec{f} = \text{grad}(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$ .
- 9 State Stokes theorem.
- 10 State Gauss Divergence theorem.

**Part-B**

Answer All the following questions.

(5X10M=50Marks)

- 11 a) Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^2 y^3$  (5M)  
b) The temperature of a cup of coffee was  $92^\circ\text{C}$ , when freshly poured the room temperature being  $24^\circ\text{C}$ . In one minute, it was cooled to  $80^\circ\text{C}$ . When will the temperature of the cup becomes  $65^\circ\text{C}$ ? (5M)

OR

- 12 a) Solve the differential equation  $(1-y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1} y - x)dy$  (5M)  
b) A bacterial culture growing exponentially increases from 100 to 400 grams in 10 hrs. How much bacteria will be present after 3 hours? (5M)
- 13 a) Solve  $(D^2 - 1)y = x \sin x + x^2 e^x$  (5M)  
b) Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + y = \text{cosec} x$  (5M)

OR

- 14 a) Solve  $(D + 2)(D - 1)^2y = e^{-2x} + 2 \sin hx$  (5M)  
b) Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$  (5M)

- 15 a) Using Laplace transform, evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{(\cos at - \cos bt)}{t} dt$  (5M)

- b) Using convolution theorem find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2-1)(s^2+25)}\right\}$  (5M)

OR

- 16 Using Laplace transform solve the differential equations: (10M)

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dx}{dt} + x = e^t \text{ given that } x(0) = 2, x'(0) = -1$$

- 17 a) If  $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ ,  $|\vec{r}| = r$  then show that  $\text{grad } r^n = nr^{n-2}\vec{r}$ . (5M)

- b) Show that the vector  $(x^2 - yz)i + (y^2 - zx)j + (z^2 - xy)k$  is irrotational and find its scalar potential. (5M)

OR

- 18 a) Find  $\text{div } \vec{f}$  where  $\vec{f} = r^n \vec{r}$  find n if it is Solenoidal? (5M)

- b) Find the directional derivative of  $f = 5x^2y - 5y^2z + 2.5z^2x$  at the point (1,1,1) in the direction of the line  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-3}{-2} = z$ . (5M)

- 19 a) If  $\vec{F} = yi - xj$ , evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  from (0,0) to (1,1) along the straight lines from (0,0) and (1,1). (5M)

- b) Evaluate  $\int_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} ds$  where  $\vec{F} = 18zi - 12j + 3yk$  and  $s$  is the part of the surface of the plane  $2x + 3y + 6z = 12$  located in the first octant. (5M)

OR

- 20 Verify Greens theorem in a plane  $\oint (3x^2 - 8y^2) dx + (4y - 6xy) dy$  where  $C$  is the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $y = x^2$ . (10M)