



**B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, September 2021**  
**DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & VECTOR CALCULUS**  
(ME)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date:09.09.2021 Duration: 3 hours

- Note: 1.This question paper contains two parts A and B.  
2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.  
3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.  
4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

**Part-A**

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 Find an Integrating factor of  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2}{x}y = \sin x$
- 2 Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xe^{x-y}$
- 3 Find the Complementary function of  $(D^3 - 6D^2 + 11D - 6)y = e^{-2x} + e^{3x}$
- 4 Find the Particular Integral of  $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = e^{2x}$
- 5 Form Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants  
 $z = ax + by + ab$
- 6 Form Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function  
 $z = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$
- 7 Find  $\nabla(x^2 + yz)$
- 8 Define an Irrotational Vector
- 9 State Stokes's theorem
- 10 Evaluate  $\int_c f \cdot dr$  where  $f = x^2i + y^2j$  where 'c' is the line  $y = x$   
in the  $xy$  - plane from  $(0,0)$  to  $(1,1)$

**Part-B**

Answer All the following questions.

(5X10M=50Marks)

- 11 (a) Solve  $ydx - xdy + 3x^2y^2e^{x^3} dx = 0$  5M  
(b) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = y^2 \sec x$  5M
- OR
- 12 (a) Show that  $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$  is self - orthogonal system 5M  
(b) If the air is maintained at  $30^\circ C$  and the temperature of body cools from  $80^\circ C$  to  $60^\circ C$  in 12 min.,  
find the temperature of body after 24 minutes 5M

- 13 (a) Solve  $(D^2 + 4)y = \sin 2x$  5M  
 (b) Solve  $(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = xe^x \sin x$  5M

OR

- 14 Solve  $(D^2 + 4)y = \tan 2x$  by using the method of variation of parameters 10M

- 15 (a) Form Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function  
 $z = f(z - xy, x^2 + y^2)$  5M  
 (b) Solve  $yzp - xzq = xy$  5M

OR

- 16 (a) Solve  $p^2 - q^2 = x - y$  5M  
 (b) Solve  $(y - z)p + (x - y)q = z - x$  5M

- 17 (a) Find the directional derivative of  $\phi = x^2yz + 4xz^2$  at  $(1, -2, -1)$   
 in the direction of  $2i - j - 2k$  5M  
 (b) Prove that  $\nabla^2(r^n) = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$  5M

OR

- 18 (a) Show that the vector  $(x^2 - yz)i + (y^2 - zx)j + (z^2 - xy)k$  is  
 irrotational vector and find its scalar potential function. 6M  
 (b) Show that  $\text{Curl grad } \phi = 0$  4M

- 19 Verify Green's theorem for  $\int_c (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$   
 where  $c$  is the region bounded by  $x = 0, y = 0$  and  $x + y = 1$  10M

OR

- 20 (a) Use Divergence theorem to evaluate  $\iint_s \vec{f} \cdot \vec{n} ds$  where  
 $\vec{f} = x^3i + y^3j + z^3k$  taken over the cube bounded by  $x = 0, x = a, y = 0, y = a, z = 0, z = a$ . 5M  
 (b) Find the work done by a force  $f = (x^2 - y^2 + x)i - (2xy + y)j$  which  
 moves a particle from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(1, 1)$  along the parabola  $y^2 = x$  5M