



**B.Tech VI Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, June 2022**

**FOUNDATION ENGINEERING  
(CIVIL ENGINEERING)**

**Maximum Marks: 70**

Date:18.06.2022 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
  2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
  3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit which carries 10M.
  4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

**Part-A**

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 What are the different types of soil sampling methods.
- 2 Define Shallow foundation.
- 3 What are the different factors of safety used in stability of slopes
- 4 What is a stability number and its uses
- 5 What are the assumptions of Terzaghi's bearing capacity theory
- 6 Define safe bearing capacity and Allowable capacity theory
- 7 What are the different types of settlements occur on foundation
- 8 What are the advantages of raft foundation
- 9 A 30m diameter concrete pile is driven into a homogeneous consolidated clay deposit ( $c_u=40 \text{ kN/m}^2$ ,  $\alpha=0.7$ ). If the embedded length is 10m, estimate the safe load
- 10 What is negative skin friction

**Part-B**

Answer All the following questions.

(5X10M=50Marks)

- 11 Describe Split Spoon sampler, what is its use and also Explain any two methods of Boring used for Drilling the holes. (10M)  
OR
- 12 Explain the need of soil exploration and also explain the procedure of plate load test. (10M)
- 13 How the slope is analyzed using Swedish circle method and Derive an expression for factor of safety. (10M)  
OR
- 14 Discuss about stability of slopes of earth dams under different conditions. (10M)
- 15 Explain the different types of retaining walls with neat sketches. (10M)  
OR
- 16 Explain with neat sketch different types of pile foundations. (10M)
- 17 Explain different types of slope failures with neat sketch. (10M)  
OR
- 18 A 450mm wide, square in section concrete pile 10m long is driven in a deep deposit of uniform clay. Laboratory unconfined compression test gives a value of  $1000 \text{ kN/m}^2$ . calculate the ultimate load capacity of the pile Take  $\alpha=0.8$ . (10M)
- 19 Explain different types of wells with neat sketches. (10M)  
OR
- 20 Explain about Negative skin friction with a neat sketch and also differentiate between Friction pile and end bearing pile. (10M)