



R18 Regulation

TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY  
(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

Subject code: 2B3BA

B.Tech III Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, February 2021

NUMERICAL METHODS AND TRANSFORMS  
(Common to EEE& ECE)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date: 17.02.2021 Duration: 3 hours

- Note: 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.  
2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.  
3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit which carries 10M.  
4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 If the first approximation  $x_0$  for  $x^2 - x - 4 = 0$  is 2 then find  $x_1$  by Newton Raphson method.
- 2 Find the initial root of the equation  $x^3 - x - 4 = 0$  by Regula falsi method.
- 3 State Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.
- 4 State the relation between forward difference operator  $\Delta$  and shift operator E.
- 5 If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $h=0.1$  find  $k_2$  by RK fourth order method.
- 6 Write the two advantages of R-K method over Taylor's series
- 7 If  $f(x) = x$  in  $(0, 2\pi)$  then find the Fourier coefficient  $b_1$
- 8 If  $f(x)$  is to be expanded as a Fourier series in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ , write formulae for  $a_0, a_n, b_n$ .
- 9 Find  $Z(n^2)$ .
- 10 Find  $Z(\sin nx)$ .

Part-B

Answer All the following questions.

(10MX 5=50Marks)

- 11 Find a positive root of the equation  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$  by regula - falsi method. (10M)

OR

- 12 Using Newton - Raphson method derive a formula to find the reciprocal of a number. Find the reciprocal of 22 using Newton-Raphson method. (10M)

- 13 Use Lagrange's formula to find the value of  $y$  at  $x=6$  for the following data (10M)

x	3	7	9	10
Y=f(x)	168	120	72	63

OR

- 14 Evaluate  $\int_0^4 e^x dx$  by using Trapezoidal, Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$  rules. Also compare your result with the exact value of the integral. (10M)

15 Solve  $y' = x y^{1/3}$ ,  $y(1) = 1$ , using Taylor's series method and compute  $y(1.1), y(1.2)$ . (correct to 3 decimal places) (10M)

OR

16 Given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ , determine  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  using Modified Euler's method. (10M)

17 Find the Fourier series expansion of the function  $f(x)$  given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & \text{for } 0 < x < \pi \\ -k, & \text{for } \pi < x < 2\pi \end{cases} \quad (10M)$$

OR

18 Find the Fourier Transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } |x| < a \\ 0, & \text{for } |x| > a \end{cases}$  (10M)

19 Find  $z^{-1}\left[\frac{5z}{(2-z)(3z-1)}\right]$ . (10M)

OR

20 Solve  $y_{n+2} - 5y_{n+1} + 6y_n = 1$ , with  $y_0 = 0, y_1 = 1$  using z-transforms. (10M)